Introduction

5300.05

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## **INTRODUCTION**

The Board of Education is committed to providing a safe and orderly school environment where students may receive and district personnel may deliver quality educational services without disruption or interference. Responsible behavior by students, teachers, other district personnel, parents and other visitors is essential to achieving this goal.

The district has a long-standing set of expectations for conduct on school property and at school functions. These expectations are based on the principles of civility, mutual respect, citizenship, character, tolerance, honesty and integrity.

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## **DEFINITIONS**

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	"Disruptive student" means an elementary or secondary student under the
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	age of 21 who is substantially disruptive of the educational process or
	substantially interferes with the teacher's authority over the classroom.
	"Gostles" moore natual or narratived say and shall include a narran's
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	gender identity or expression.
	"Condon composion" is the manner in solich a second second
	"Gender expression" is the manner in which a person represents or expresses gender to others, often through behavior, clothing, hairstyle, activities,
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7. Knowingly and intentionally damages or destroys school district property.

"Weapon" means a firearm as defined in 18 USC §921 for purposes of the Gun-Free Schools Act. It also means any other gun, BB gun, pistol, revolver, shotgun, rifle, machine gun, disguised gun, dagger, dirk, razor, stiletto, switchblade knife, gravity knife, brass knuckles, sling shot, metal knuckle knife, box cutters, cane sword, electronic dart gun, Kung Fu star, electronic stun gun, pepper spray or other noxious spray, explosive or incendiary bomb, or other

device, instrument, material or substance that can cause physical injury or death when used to cause physical injury or death.

### STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

## A. Student Rights

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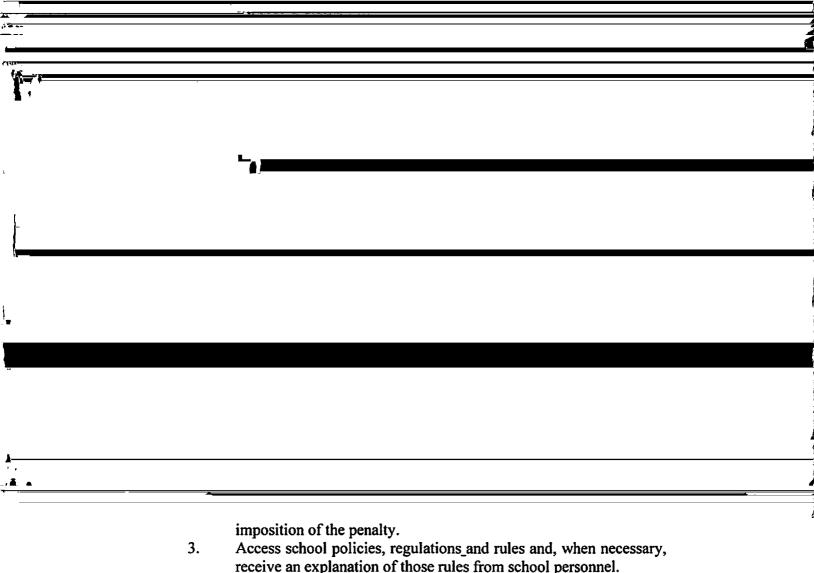
Student Responsibilities

All district students have the responsibility to:

Contribute to maintaining a safe, supportive and orderly school

The district is committed to safeguarding the rights given to all students under federal and state law and district policy. In addition, to promote a safe, healthy, orderly and supportive school environment, all district students have the right to:

- 1. Take part in all district activities on an equal basis regardless of race, weight, color, creed, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practice, gender or sexual orientation or disability.
- 2. Present their version of the relevant events to school personnel



### ESSENTIAL PARTNERS

#### A. Parents

All parents are expected to:

1. Recognize that the education of their child (ren) is a joint responsibility of the parents and the school community and pallokers with the district to activity their skilds adverticed.

## opportunities.

- 2. Send their children to school ready to participate and learn.
- 3. Ensure their children attend school regularly and on time.
- 4. Ensure absences are excused.
- 5. Ensure their children are dressed and groomed in a manner consistent with the student dress code.
- 6. Help their children understand that in a democratic society appropriate rules are required to maintain a safe, orderly environment.
- 7. Know school rules and help their children understand them so that their children can help create a safe, supportive school environment.
- 8. Convey to their children a supportive attitude toward education and the district.
- 9. Build positive, constructive relationships with teachers, other parents and their children's friends.
- 10. Help their children deal effectively with peer pressure.
- 11. Inform school officials of changes in the home situation that may affect student conduct or performance.

- b. Marking/grading procedures
- c. Assignment deadlines
- d. Expectations for students

7. Communicate regularly with students, parents and other teachers

- 8. Participate in school-wide efforts to provide adequate supervision in all school spaces, in conformity with the Taylor Law.
- 9. Address issues of harassment or any situation that threatens the emotional or physical health or safety of any student, school employee or any person who is lawfully on school property or at a school function.
- 10. Address personal biases that may prevent equal treatment of all students in the school or classroom setting.

## F. The Dignity Act Coordinator(s)

- 1. Promote a safe, orderly and stimulating school environment, supporting active teaching and learning for all students regardless of actual or perceived race, color, weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practice, disability, sexual orientation, gender or sex.
- 2. Oversee and coordinate the efforts of the building-level bullying prevention program.
- 3. Identify curricular resources that support infusing civility in classroom instruction and classroom management; and provide

#### resources.

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- 4. Coordinate, with the Professional Development Committee, training in support of the bullying prevention committee.
- 5. Be responsible for monitoring and reporting on the effectiveness of the district's bullying prevention policy.
- 6. Address issues of harassment or any situation that threatens the emotional or physical health or safety of any student, school employee, or any person who is lawfully on school property or at a school function.
- 7. Address personal biases that may prevent equal treatment of all students and staff.
- 8. Maintain records of DASA-related incidents for reporting purposes.

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		school function.	
		<ol> <li>Address personal biases that may preven</li> </ol>	vent equal treatment of all
		students and staff.	
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	H.	Board of Education	
		. Promote a safe, orderly and stimula	nting school environment
		supporting active teaching and learning	for all students regardless
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group, religious practice, disability, sexual orientation, gender or sex.

2. Maintain confidentiality in accordance with federal and state law.

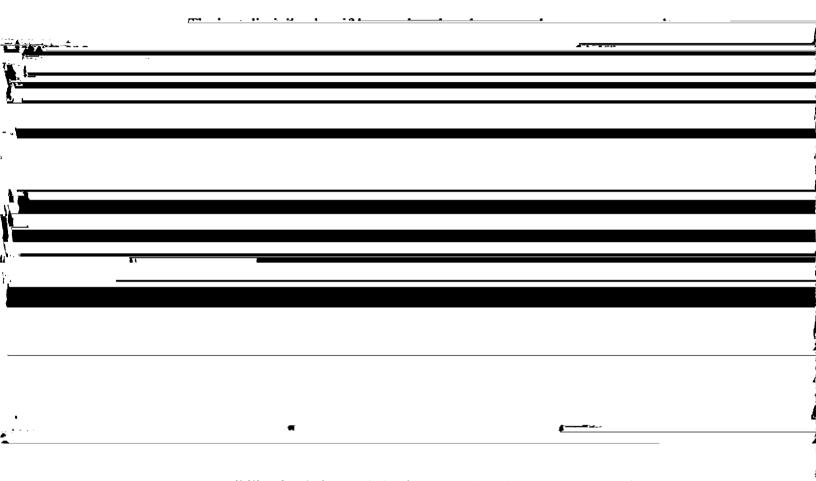
#### STUDENT DRESS CODE

All students are expected to give proper attention to personal cleanliness and to dress appropriately for school and school functions. Students and their parents have the primary responsibility for acceptable student dress and apprearance. Teachers and all other district\_nersonnel should exemplify and

appearance. Teachers and all other district personnel should exemplify and reinforce acceptable student dress and help students develop an understanding of appropriate appearance in the school setting. A student's dress, grooming and appearance, including hair style/color, jewelry, make-up, and nails, shall: 1. Be safe, appropriate and not disrupt or interfere with the educational 2. Recognize that extremely brief garments such as tube tops, net tops, halter tons, snaghetti strans, plunging necklines (front and/or back) and seethrough garments are not appropriate.

#### PROHIBITED STUDENT CONDUCT

The Board of Education expects all students to conduct themselves in an appropriate and civil manner, with proper regard for the rights and welfare of other students, district personnel and other members of the school community, and for the care of school facilities and equipment.



accept responsibility for their own behavior, as well as the consequences of their misbehavior. District personnel who interact with students are expected to use disciplinary action only when necessary and to place emphasis on educating students so that they may grow in self-discipline.

The Board recognizes the need to make its expectations for student conduct while on school property or engaged in a school function specific and clear. The rules of conduct listed below are intended to do that and focus on safety and respect for the rights and property of others. Students who will not accept responsibility for their own behavior and who violate these school rules will be required to accept the consequences for their conduct.

Students may be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including suspension from school, when they:

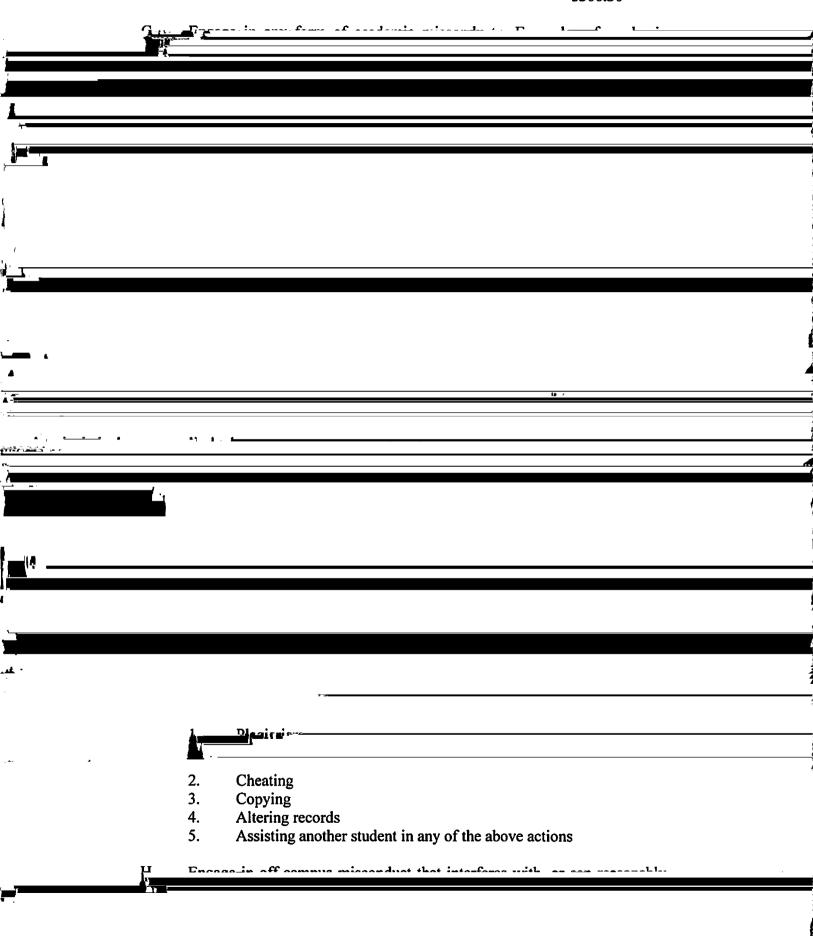
- A. Engage in conduct that is disorderly. Examples of disorderly conduct include, but are not limited to:
  - 1. Running in hallways.
  - 2. Making unreasonable noise.

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		school administrators or other school employ	yees in charge of
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	3.	Skipping detention.	
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Engage in conduct that is disruptive. Examples of disruptive conduct

	3.	Defamation, which includes making false or unprivileged statements or representations about an individual or identifiable
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	4.	identifiable group by demeaning them.  Discrimination, which includes using race, color, creed, national origin, ethnic_group, religion, religious_practice, sex_gender_
		,
	5.	(identity and expression), sexual orientation, weight or disability to deny rights, equitable treatment or access to facilities available to others.
	5.	Harassment (or Bullying), is the creation of a hostile environment by conduct or threats, intimidation or abuse. (See policy, 0115, Student Harassment and Bullying Prevention and Intervention for a more complete definition.)
	<u> </u>	Intimidation which includes an anaims in nations are statements that



## 5300.35

## **REPORTING VIOLATIONS**

All students are expected to promptly report violations of the code of conduct to a teacher, guidance counselor, the Building Principal or his or her designee. Any student observing a student possessing a weapon, alcohol or illegal substance on school property or at a school function are required to report this information immediately to a teacher, the Principal, the Principal's designee or the Superintendent of Schools.

All district staff who are authorized to impose disciplinary sanctions are expected to do so in a prompt, fair and lawful manner. District staff who are not nythoriand to immon dissiplinary gonations ere assessed to member member

# DISCIPLINARY PENALTIES, PROCEDURES AND REFERRALS

Discipline is most effective when it deals directly with the problem at the

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	School personnel who interact with students are expected to use disciplinary action only when necessary and to place emphasis on the students' ability to grow
	in self-discipline.
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	5. Suspension from transportation – Director of Transportation, Principal, Superintendent
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	Principal, Superintendent
	7. Suspension from social or extracurricular activities – activity director,
	Principal, Superintendent 8. Suspension of other privileges – Principal, Superintendent
	9. In-school suspension – Principal, Assistant Principals, Dean of Students,
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	1 Remayel from clessroom by teacher—tenahers Principal

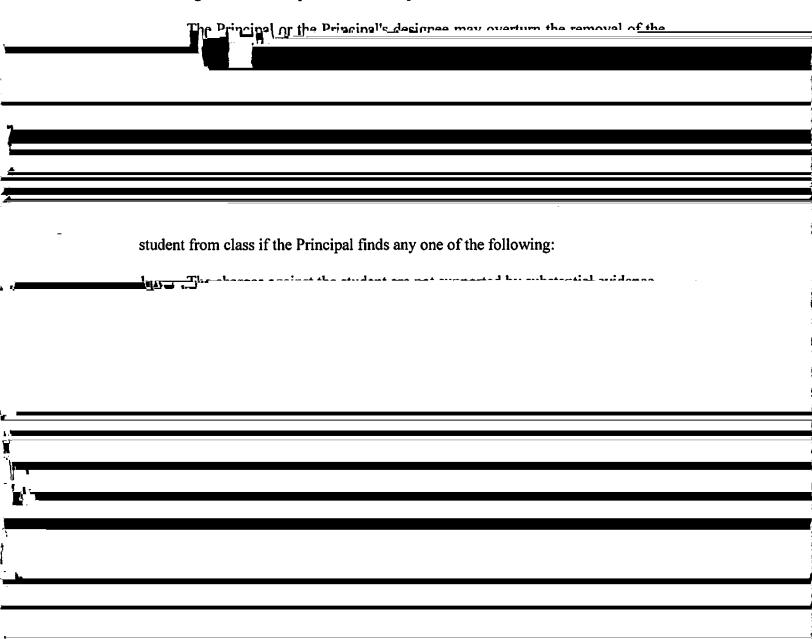
	In such cases, the student's parent will become responsible for seeing that
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	transportation amount to a suspension from attendance, the district will make appropriate arrangements to provide for the student's education.
	A student subjected to a suspension from transportation is not entitled to a
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	an administrator's office; (2) sending a student into the hallway briefly; (3) sending a student to the Principal's office for the remainder of the class time only; or (4) sending a student to a guidance counselor or other district staff member for	
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	Constitute disciplinary removals for purposes of this code.  On occasion, a student's behavior may become disruptive. For purposes of this code of conduct, a disruptive student is a student who is substantially disruptive of the educational process or substantially interferes with the teacher's	

notice within 24 hours of the student's removal at the last known address for the parent. Where possible, notice should also be provided by telephone if the school has been provided with a telephone number(s) for the purpose of contacting parents.

The Principal may require the teacher who ordered the removal to attend the informal conference.

If at the informal meeting the student denies the charges, the Principal or the Principal's designee must explain why the student was removed and give the student and the student's parents a chance to present the student's version of the relevant events. The informal meeting must be held within 48 hours of the student's removal. The timing of the informal meeting may be extended by mutual agreement of the parent and Principal.



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	6. Suspension from School	
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	upon students who are insubordinate, disorderly, violent or disruptive, or wh	ose
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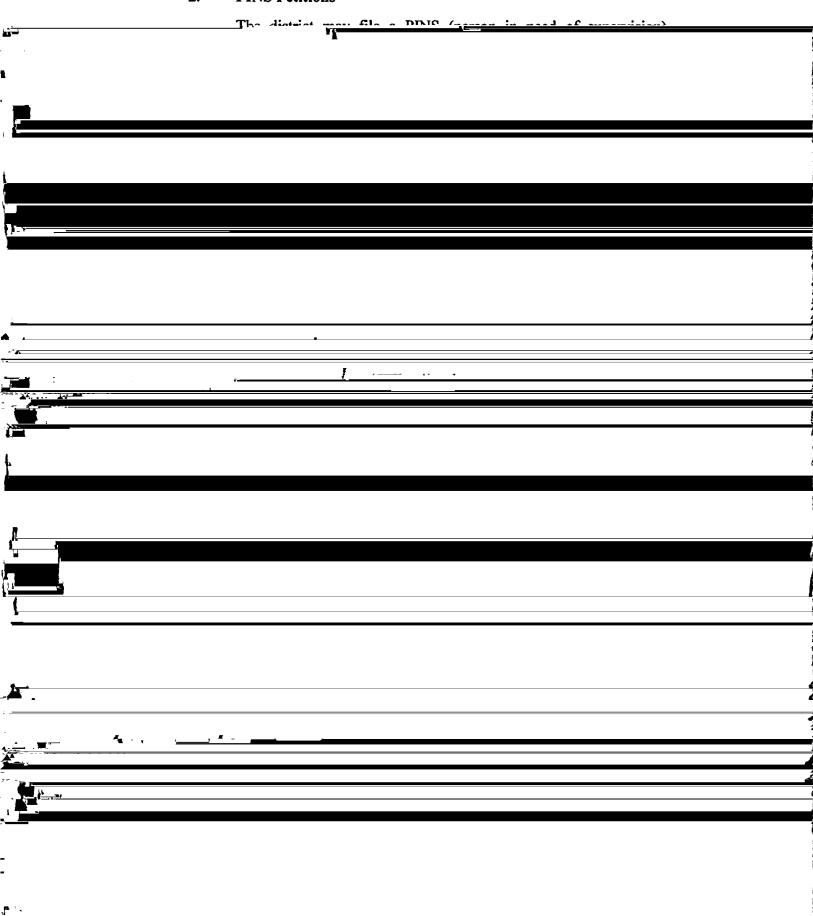
	The notice and opportunity for an informal conference shall take place
	of the standard in account of the standard conference shall take place
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c	ontinuing danger to persons or property or an ongoing threat of disruption to the
d	cademic process. If the student's presence does pose such a danger or threat of isruption, the notice and opportunity for an informal conference shall take place
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After the conference, the Principal shall promptly advise the parents of his or her decision. The Principal shall advise the parents that if they are not satisfied with the decision and wish to pursue the matter, they must file a written

	2. Students who commit violent acts other than bringing or	
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	Any student, other than a student with a disability, who is found to have committed a violent act, other than bringing a weapon onto school property, shall	
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<u> </u>	penalty is the minimum five-day suspension, the student and the student's parent	
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will be given the same notice and opportunity for an informal conference given to all students subject to a short-term suspension. If the proposed penalty exceeds

## 2. PINS Petitions



## **ALTERNATIVE INSTRUCTION**

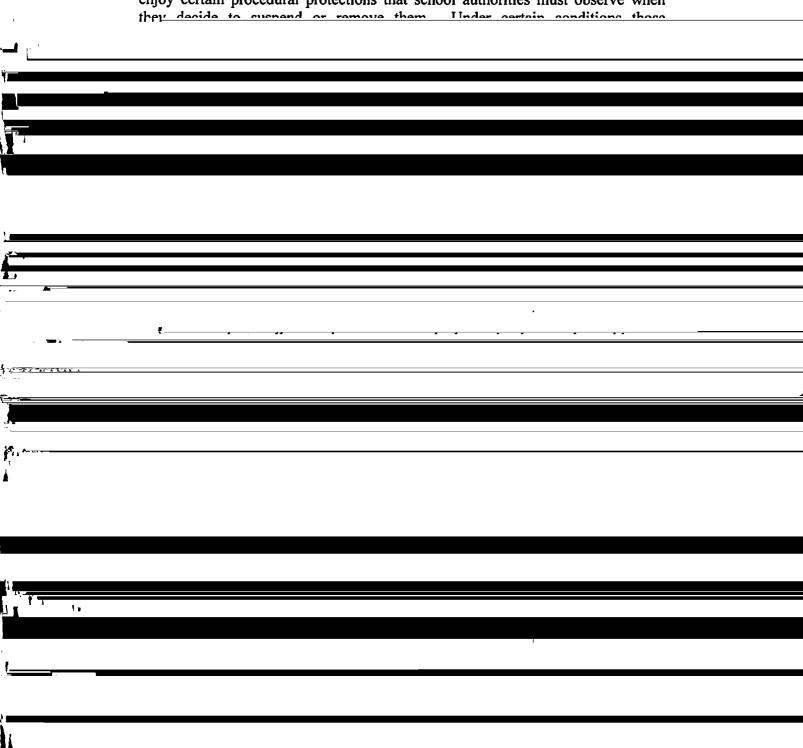
When a student of any age is removed from class by a teacher or a student of compulsory attendance age is suspended from school pursuant to Education

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	instruction for the student. The Board of Education expects students, administrators, teachers and parents to make every effort to maintain student academic progress in the event of removal or suspension, and support student re-
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	entry to the classroom at the conclusion of the disciplinary action.

## DISCIPLINE OF STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

The Board of Education recognizes that it may be necessary to suspend, remove or otherwise discipline students with disabilities who violate the district's student code of conduct, and/or to temporarily remove a student with disabilities from his or her current placement because maintaining the student in that placement is substantially likely to result in injury to the student or to others. The Board also recognizes that students with disabilities deemed eligible for special education services under the IDEA and Article 89 of New York's Education Law enjoy certain procedural protections that school authorities must observe when they decide to supper or remove them. Under certain conditions these



- c. series of removals, and because of such additional factors as the length of each suspension or removal, the total amount of time the student has been removed and the proximity of the suspensions or removals to one another.
- 4. Illegal drug means a controlled substance, but does not include a

licensed health-care professional, or a substance that is otherwise legally possessed or used under the authority of the Controlled Substances Act or under any other provision of federal law.

<u>Interim alternative educational settino (IAES) means a temnorary</u>

educational placement, other than the student's current placement at the time the behavior precipitating the IAES placement occurred. An IAES must allow a student to continue to receive educational services that enable him or her to continue to participate in the general curriculum and progress toward meeting the goals set out in the student's individualized education program; as well as to receive, as appropriate, a functional behavioral assessment and behavioral intervention services and modifications designed to address the behavior violation so that it does not recur

- 6. Manifestation review means a review of the relationship between the student's disability and the behavior subject to disciplinary action required when the disciplinary action results in a disciplinary change of placement, and conducted in accordance with requirements set forth later in this policy.
- 7. Manifestation team means a district representative knowledgeable about

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	causing death or serious bodily injury, except a pocket knife with a blade of less than two and one-half inches in length.
	Authority of School Personnel to Suspend or Remove Students with Disabilities
t	The Board, District Superintendent, Superintendent of Schools or a  Phildian Principal with authority to suspend students under the Education Low
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	may order the placement of a student with a disability into an IAES, another
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Procedures for the Suspension or Removal of Students with Disabilities by School Personnel

1. In cases involving the suspension or removal of a student with a disability for a period of five consecutive school days or less, the student's parents or persons in parental relation to the student will be notified of the suspension and given an opportunity for an informal conference in accordance with the same procedures that apply to such short term

suspensions of non-disabled students.

2. The suspension of students with disabilities for a period in excess of five school days will be subject to the same due process procedures applicable

conducted by the Superintendent or a designated hearing officer shall be bifurcated into a guilt phase and a penalty phase. Upon a finding of guilt, the Superintendent or the designated hearing officer will await notification of the determination by the manifestation team as to whether the student's behavior was a manifestation of his or her disability. The penalty phase of the hearing may proceed after receipt of that notification. If the manifestation team determined that the behavior was not a manifestation of the student's disability, the student may be disciplined in the same manner as a non-disabled student, except that he or she will continue to receive services as set forth below. However, if the behavior was deemed a manifestation of the student's disability, the hearing will be dismissed,

In addition, school personnel may not suspend or remove a student with a disability in excess of the amount of time that a non-disabled student would be suspended for the same behavior.

Parental Notification of a Disciplinary Change of Placement

any decision to make a removal that constitutes a disciplinary change of

placement because of a violation of the student code of conduct. Such notice will be accompanied by a copy of the procedural safeguards notice.

Authority of an Impartial Hearing Officer to Remove a Student with a Disability

An impartial hearing officer may order the placement of a student with a disability to an IAES for up to 45 school days at a time if he or she determines that maintaining the current placement of the student is substantially likely to result in injury to the student or to others. This authority applies whether or not the student's behavior is a manifestation of the student's disability.

Manifestation Review

		In addition, during such periods of suspension or removal the district will also provide students with disabilities services necessary for them to	
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		intervention services and modifications designed to address the behavior violation so that it does not recur.	
	3.	During suspensions or removals in excess of 10 school days in a school year that constitute a disciplinary change in placement, including	
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controlled substances, or the infliction of serious bodily injury, the district

Nonetheless, a student will not be considered a student presumed to have a disability for discipline purposes if notwithstanding the district's receipt\_of

information supporting a claim that it had knowledge the student has a disability,

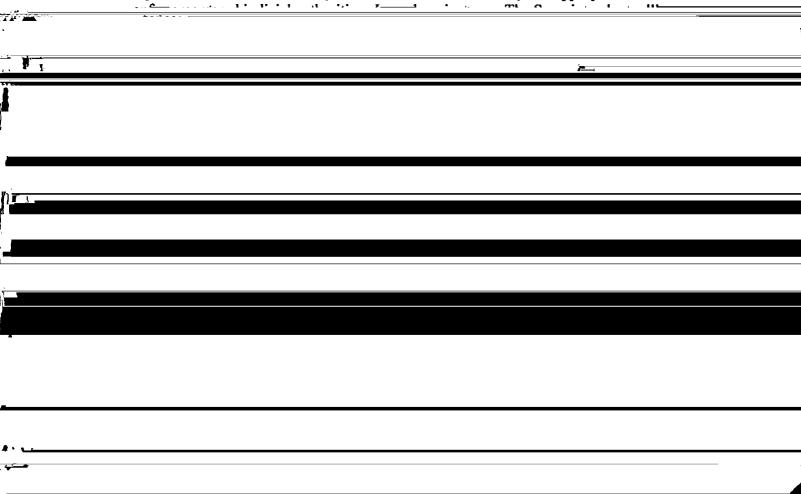
- 1. The student's parent has not allowed an evaluation of the student; or
- 2. The student's parent has refused services; or
- 3. The District conducted an evaluation of the student and determined that the student is not a student with a disability.

If there is no basis for knowledge that the student is a student with a disability prior to taking disciplinary measures against the student, the student haldanih unu under uun aa anun diasiuliusuu uunuuna aa auu adea unu diashlad

period of removal, whichever occurs first unless the student's parent and the district agree otherwise.

Referral to Law Enforcement and Judicial Authorities

Consistent with its authority under applicable law and regulations, the district will report a crime committed by a student with a disability to appropriate law



ensure that copies of the special education and disciplinary records of the student are transmitted for consideration to the appropriate authorities to whom the crime is reported, to the extent that the transmission is permitted by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA).

# CORPORAL PUNISHMENT

· -	Corporal punishment is any act of physical force upon a student for the
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	district employee is strictly forbidden.
	However, in situations where alternative procedures and methods that do not involve the use of physical force cannot reasonably be used, reasonable
	physical force may be used to:
	Protect oneself, another student teacher or any person from
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	physical injury.  2. Protect the property of the school or others.
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# STUDENT SEARCHES AND INTERROGATIONS

	The Board of Education is committed to ensuring an atmosphere on school property and at school functions that is safe and orderly. To achieve this kind of environment, any school official authorized to impose a disciplinary penalty on a	
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	code of conduct. Students are not entitled to any sort of "Miranda"-type warning before being questioned by school officials, nor are school officials required to	
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The rules in this code of conduct regarding searches of students and their belongings do not apply to student lockers, desks and other school storage places. Students have no reasonable expectation of privacy with respect to these places and school officials retain complete control over them. This means that student lockers, desks and other school storage places may be subject to search at any time by school officials, without prior notice to students and without their consent.

	B. Strip searcnes	
	A strip search is a search that requires a student to remove any or all of his	
	Arther elething other them an outer contact include. If an outhorized school official	
	believes it is necessary to conduct a strip search of a student, the school official may do so only if the search is authorized in advance by the Superintendent or the	
	school attorney. The only exception to this rule requiring advanced authorization	
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Witnesses, if any, to the search.

Results of search (that is, what items(s) were found).

Time and location of search.

Disposition of items found.

Students who are questioned by police officials on school property or at a

#### means:

- 1. They must be informed of their legal rights.
- 2. They may remain silent if they so desire.
- 3. They may request the presence of an attorney.

## F. Child Protective Services Investigations

Consistent with the district's commitment to keep students safe from harm and the obligation of school officials to report to child protective services when they have reasonable cause to suspect that a student has been abused or maltreated, the district will cooperate with local child protective services workers who wish to conduct interviews of students on school property relating to allegations of suspected child abuse, and/or neglect, or custody investigations.

All requests by child protective services to interview a student on school property shall be made directly to Principal or his or her designee. The Principal or designee shall set the time and place of the interview. The Principal or designee shall decide if it is necessary and appropriate for a school official to be present during the interview, depending on the age of the student being interviewed and the property of the allegations is such that it may be

# VISITORS TO THE SCHOOLS

The Board recognizes that the success of the school program depends, in part, on support by the larger community. The Board wishes to foster a positive
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## PUBLIC CONDUCT ON SCHOOL PROPERTY

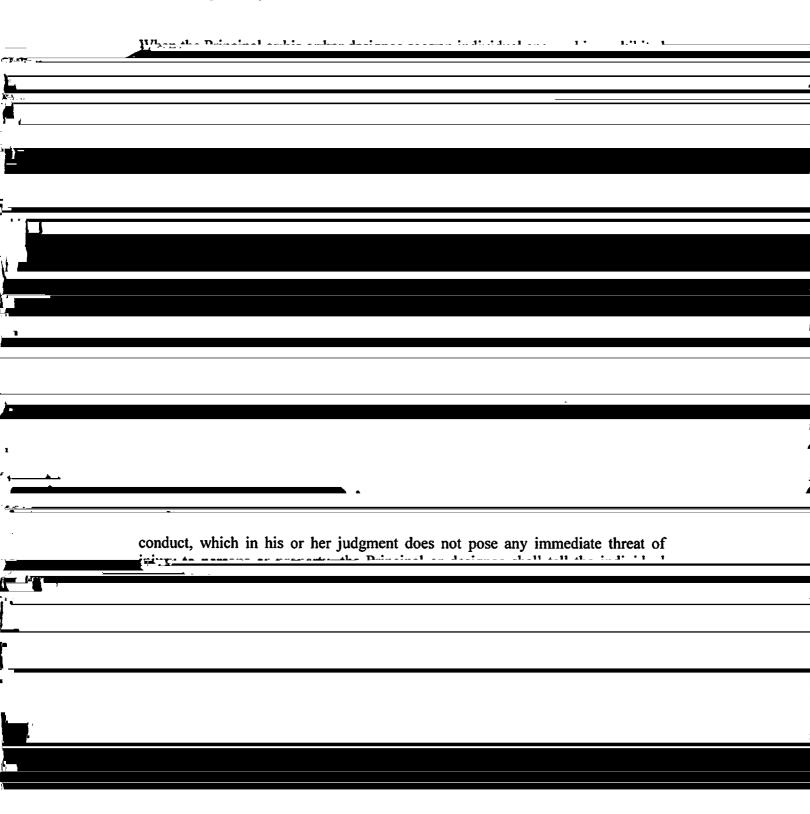
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- 8. Violate the traffic laws, parking regulations or other restrictions on vehicles.
- 9. Possess, consume, sell, offer, manufacture, distribute or exchange alcoholic beverages, controlled or illegal substances or any synthetic versions (whether or not specifically illegal or labeled for human consumption), or be under the influence of either on school

function, except in the case of law enforcement officers or except as specifically authorized by the school district. Loiter on or about school property. 11.

## C. Enforcement

The Principal or his/her designee shall be responsible for enforcing the conduct required by this code.



## 5300.75

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## DISSEMINATION AND REVIEW

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	1.	Providing copies of an age-appropriate, written in plain language,
		summary of the code to all students at an assembly to be held at
		the beginning of each school year.
	2.	Providing a plain language summary to all parents at the beginning
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		of the school year, and thereafter on request.
	2	Ranting the complete pade of conduct on the district's website.
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#### 5300.75

<sup>1</sup><u>Ref</u>: Education Law §3214 8 NYCRR §100.2(I)

Matter of O'Conner v. Bd. of Ed., 65 Misc. 2d 40, 43 (due process)

Appeal of Alexander, 36 EDR 160 (1996) (counseling)

Matter of Troy R., 29 EDR 424 (1990) (automatic penalties)

Appeal of Ward, 27 EDR 217 (1988) (indefinite suspension)

Appeal of Wood, 27 EDR 92 (1987) (suspension beyond school year)

Matter of Clark, 21 EDR 542 (1982) (extracurricular activities)

Matter of Caskey, 21 EDR 138 (1981) (reduction in grade)

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